

Maintain and use your gas appliances safely:

Good maintenance and proper use of all your gas appliances is essential to prevent exposure to carbon monoxide and fire hazards. For your safety, follow these steps for your natural gas appliances:

- Have your gas appliances inspected annually by a licensed heating or plumbing contractor.
- Have a qualified, licensed contractor perform all gas appliance and venting repairs.



- Never store or use flammable products in the same room as or near any gas or heat-producing appliances. Flammable products include gasoline, spray paints, solvents, insecticide, adhesives, foggers, varnish, cleaning products and other pressurized containers. This will reduce the risk of flammable vapors being ignited by the main burner flame found in all gas appliances or the pilot flame found in many gas appliances.
- If a burner flame is yellow, large and unsteady, the appliance needs to be inspected immediately by a qualified professional.

The Electric Plant Board of the City of Vanceburg

Is a municipal located in Vanceburg, Lewis County, Kentucky. We currently serve customers in Lewis and Greenup Counties.

Proudly, our company has been serving our community now for 69 years. We have grown successfully throughout our years of service and now provide utilities such as electric, water, sewer, and gas to our service area.



TO REPORT A LEAK PLEASE CALL:

(606) 796-2641

THIS NOTICE IS

REQUIRED BY

FEDERAL LAW

*NATURAL
GAS
SAFETY*



*ELECTRIC
PLANT BOARD
OF THE CITY
OF VANCEBURG*

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Identifying a Gas Odor



Natural gas is colorless and odorless. An odorant is added to natural gas that produces a distinctive “gas smell” so that leaks can be easily detected.

If you smell natural gas inside your home or building:

1. Leave immediately! Do not use electric switches, telephones (including cell phones) or anything that could cause a spark.
2. Go to a safe location and then call our natural gas emergency numbers at: (606) 796-2641 or (606) 796-2111.
3. Alert your neighbors.
4. Never try to repair a gas leak yourself. Leave all repairs to a trained technician. Stand by until natural gas company personnel arrive.

If you smell natural gas outside your home or building:

1. Leave immediately on foot in a cross-wind direction away from the leak or vapor cloud and maintain a safe distance.
2. Warn others to stay away from the leak. Abandon any equipment being used in or near the area.

Help Prevent Gas Leak Accidents by Maintaining your gas lines

If you're a property owner, you are responsible for maintaining all gas lines on your side of the meter. Such customer-owned gas lines include all piping that goes:

- From your gas meter to the appliances on your property.
- From a curbside gas meter to the home (when the meter is not right beside the home).
- From your meter underground to a building, pool/spa heater, barbecue or other gas appliances.

To properly maintain your gas lines, you should have them periodically inspected for corrosion and leaks, and repair any unsafe conditions immediately. A licensed plumbing or heating contractor can assist you in finding, inspecting and repairing your buried gas lines.

Carbon Monoxide (CO) Poisoning:

Although the chemical properties of natural gas make it a clean fuel source, these same properties make it potentially dangerous for consumers if their natural gas appliances are not properly maintained. One of the dangers of poorly maintained or improperly used appliances is carbon monoxide poisoning. If a faulty furnace does not burn natural gas properly, or is not



vented properly, carbon monoxide can be to build in the home. When a person breathes carbon monoxide, their brain and organs

are robbed of the oxygen necessary to function properly, and they can become sick and incapacitated very quickly. Symptoms of carbon monoxide are similar to those of the flu without a fever. Those experiencing these symptoms should get out of the house and call 911 immediately.

To reduce the risk of carbon monoxide poisoning, here are a few tips:

- Install a carbon monoxide detector. These devices work similar to a smoke detector, only they measure the amount of carbon monoxide in the air.
- Have appliances that use natural gas inspected by a qualified repair person once a year
- Never sleep in a room heated by a gas or kerosene space heater that does not have proper venting